TO:

FULL SERVICE FACULTY, ADMINISTRATION, AND

STUDENT GOVERNMENT

FROM:

VIRGINIA PHILLIPS, SECRETARY, ACADEMIC SENATE

RE:

MEETING OF THE ACADEMIC SENATE

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 5, 1991, 4:00 P.M.

ARTS AND SCIENCES AUDITORIUM, ROOM 132, DEBARTOLO HALL

#### **AGENDA**

RECEIVED

MAY 3 0 1991

1. Call to Order.

Approval of Minutes for May 1, 1991, meeting.

OFFICE OF THE PROVOST

- 3. Elections and Balloting Committee Report.
- 4. Charter and Bylaws Committee Report.
  901-26 Motions to Modify Bylaws.
- 5. Senate Executive Committee Report.
- 6. Reports of Other Senate Committees.

901-27	Academic Planning Committee Report.	
901-28	Library and Media Services Committee Report.	
901-29	Academic Research Committee Report.	
901-30	ICP/Honors Programs Committee Report.	
901-31	Student Academic Grievance Subcommittee Report.	
901-32	University Curriculum Division Committee Report.	
901-33	Ad Hoc Committee Quarter/Semester System Report.	

- 7. Unfinished Business.
- 8. New Business.
- 9. Adjournment.

hate M	ay 15, 1991 Report Number (For Senate Use Only) 901-26
Name of Co	mmittee Submitting Report Charter and Bylaws
	Status: (elected chartered, appointed chartered, ad hoc, etc.)
Names of Co	ommittee members: Mary J. Beaubien, Kathy Lynn Feld, Lowell J. Satre,
Mat	thew Siman, Melissa T. Smith, and Edward B. Tokar
op mebu	to all new manual and (c) he amended in o
A ELEAD	prompts the prompt completion of the election for the Senate
	te a brief summary of the report which the Committee is submitting to the
Item 1. A	motion to modify the bylaws to promote prompt completion of Election for
	enate Chair.
	motion to modify the bylaws to clairify procedures for resolving inconclusive
	Dections.
The state of the s	motion to modify the bylaws that will formally show the rotation for Senate
Ex	secutive Committee Elections.
	cipate making a formal motion relative to the report?  Yes  The motion: See attached report  Item 1. Motion
yd bay	Toward ad at Item 2. Motion
2, 2	welve avaish Item 3. Motion
	e substantive changes made from the floor in your committee recommendation, committee prefer that the matter be sent back to committee for further on?
	Delete Bylaw 2, Section 1 (d).
ther releva	ant data:
aldr	All tion shell on remolved by the tellers by drawing lots.
Sylaw 4,	Al bodizono de rise de la

#### Charter and Bylaws Committee Report

May 15, 1991

At its April 29, 1991 meeting, the Charter and Bylaws Committee considered the changes to the Bylaws recommended by the Elections and Balloting Committee. The Charter and Bylaws Committee moved, seconded, and passed a motion to present the following motions to the Senate:

Item 1. It is recommended that Bylaw 4, Section 1 (c) be amended in order to promote the prompt completion of the election for the Senate Chair. It will also prevent the situation encountered in the Fall of 1990, when four ballots were required before one candidate obtained a majority.

#### MOTION:

Bylaw 4, Section 1 (c) to read as follows:

The successful candidate shall have a majority of valid votes cast. If no candidate obtains a majority, a run-off election shall be held between the two candidates receiving the most votes. In the event of a tie, the run-off candidate(s) will be determined by drawing lots. The term of office of the Chair will be for one year beginning seven calander days prior to the scheduled November meeting.

Item 2. In order to expedite the conclusion of the election of members for various bodies and committees, it is recommended that Bylaw 2, Section 5 be amended so that run-off elections are only to be held for Senate Chair. For all other elections, ties are to be resolved by drawing lots. Therefore, Bylaw 2, Section 1 (d) becomes contradictory, and should be deleted. An additional reason to delete Bylaw 2, Section 1 (d) is that part of Bylaw 2, Section 1 (d) is contained in Bylaw 2, Section 1 (c).

#### MOTION:

Delete Bylaw 2, Section 1 (d).

Bylaw 2, Section 5 to read as follows:

All ties shall be resolved by the tellers by drawing lots. This shall be noted in their report. Run-off elections shall only be conducted for the position of Senate Chair, as described in Bylaw 4, Section 1 (c).

It is recommended that Bylaw 4, Section 4 (a) (3) be amended so as to provide a convenient means of determining which schools must conduct elections in any given year. Election and Balloting Committee members will no longer have to locate records of elections that took place up to three years ago. Further, since the last sentence of the current reading of Bylaw 4, Section 4 (a) (2) is the same as the first sentence of the proposed amended Bylaw 4, Section 4 (a) (3), it is recommended that the last sentence of Bylaw 4, Section 4 (a) (2) be deleted.

#### MOTION:

Delete the last sentence of the current reading of Bylaw 4, Section 4 (a) (2).

Bylaw 4, Section 4 (a) (3) to read as follows:

College representatives shall be elected to the Executive Committee for three year terms beginning September 15. Elections shall be on a rotating basis for the following terms:

1991-1994 : Arts and Sciences; Fine and Performing Arts

1992-1995 : Applied Science and Technology; Business Administration

1993-1996 : Engineering; Education

1994-1997 : Arts and Sciences; Fine and Performing Arts

1995-1998 : Applied Science and Technology; Business Administration

1996-1999 : Engineering; Education

and so on.

Date May 24,	1991	Report Number (	for Senate use only) 901-27
Name of Committee	submitting report AC	cademic Planning C	ommittee 10000000000000000000000000000000000
Committee status:	(elected chartered, ap	opointed chartered, ad hoc	, etc.) the talk interesting
cence of the	ince the last ser	ago, Further, si	soe up to three years
Names of Committee	e members: Alice B	Betz, Erin Fogarty	(student), Bernard
Gillis, Dona	ld Hovey, Patric	cia Humbertson, Ja	lal Jalali, bassis
		erney, Fred Owens	
Nancy White,	Bernard Yozwiak	the current read	the lest sentence of
			submitting to the Senate: (att
Final report	of the committee	e's "Recommendation	ons Toward A
Strategic Pl	an".		worsting basis for th
noidettation	gyı Business Admi	enca end Technolog	198 tellogs : 8901-290
	Performing Arts	iences; Fine and I	194-1997 : Arts and Sc
Do you anticipate	e making a formal motion	relative to the report?	Yes.
If so, state the m	notion: 1. To acc	ept the amended "A	Academic Mission
			ecommendations Toward
			n to the President to
pe presented	to the Board of	Trustees for their	ir consideration on Ju
		from the floor in your co back to committee for furt	nummittee recommendations, would ther consideration? No
Other relevant da	ta:		
			Alice Betz

# ADDENDUM TO THE CHARTER AND BYLAWS REPORT OF MAY 15,1991

Item 4. In trying to implement the recommendations of the Computer Services Committee, it soon be came apparent to the Charter and Bylaws Committee members that there are interested parties and constituencies whose input should be sought and incorporated in any renaming and restructuring of existing committees and the the establishment of a new committee(s). The Charter and Bylaws Committee members feel that the most effective way of accomplishing these changes is by means of an Ad Hoc Committee.

#### MOTION:

It is recommended that the Senate direct the Senate Executive Committee to appoint an Ad Hoc Coordinating Committee, representating interested parties in the areas of Computer, Library, Media, and classroom instructional services, to examine the integrated technological needs, to define the roles, and to coordinate the duties of current and proposed committees.

#### YOUNGSTOWN STATE UNIVERSITY FINAL REPORT - June 5, 1991 RECOMMENDATIONS TOWARD A STRATEGIC PLAN

#### FINAL CORRECTIONS/ADDITIONS

- 1. Page 1 Academic Mission Statement Paragraph 2, Sentence 3 to read:
  ...It reinforces this effort through cocurricular activities, opportunities for multi-cultural and multi-ethnic interaction, and other out-of-class support. ...
- Page 1 Academic Mission Statement Paragraph 5, Item 4 to read: to integrate the technologies for creation, manipulation, storage, retrieval, and distribution of print, data, voice, visual and other types of information;
- 3. <u>Page 1 Academic Mission Statement</u> <u>Footnote Date of Adoption</u> to read: YSU Academic Senate **June 5, 1991**
- 4. Page 3 Student Enrollment and Services Addition of Item 6. to read:
  6. To continue to enhance the quality of student life through appropriate services.
- Page 3 Research and Scholarship Item 1. to read:
   The University will continue and sharply expand efforts to encourage and support research, publication, and other scholarly activities.
- 6. Page 3 Research and Scholarship Item 2. to read: YSU faculty will maintain and expand expertise in their fields through research and scholarship which leads to publication or, as appropriate, through other activities which produce professional benefits.
- Page 3 Research and Scholarship Addition of Item 3. to read:
   YSU faculty and admistrators will cooperate in long-term efforts to seek external funding in support of research and related scholarly activities.
- Page 4 Institutional Advancement and Institutional Development Addition of Item 3. c. to read:
   The Office of Institutional Advancement shall continue to be the coordinating agency to solicit funds in the community.
- 9. <u>Page 4 Physical Environment, Facilities and Equipment Item 1. d.</u> to read: ... graduate assistants to interact and WYSU-FM music and in most of the building foyers.
- 10. Page 4 Physical Environment, Facilities and Equipment DELETION OF Items 2. a., 2. b., 2. c., 2. d.
- Page 5 Faculty and Staff Item 1. to read:
   YSU will serve as a model university for the region in developing human resources and effective communication between faculty, staff and administration to the betterment of the University.
- Page 5 Faculty and Staff Item 2. Consolidated with Item 2. a. to read:
   YSU will allocate resources for additional personnel and develop programs for all new full-time employees. The Office of Executive Director of Personnel Services will develop and implement formal inservice programs for all new full-time employees. ... The faculty orientation program will emphasize University resources to support teaching and research.
- 13. Page 5 Faculty and Staff DELETION OF ITEM 2. b.
- Page 5 Athletic Programs Item 2., Sentence 2 to read:
   Those responsible for competitive sports (for example, coaches) should the meet the same hiring criteria as faculty.

#### YOUNGSTOWN STATE UNIVERSITY FINAL REPORT - June 5, 1991 RECOMMENDATIONS TOWARD A STRATEGIC PLAN

### FINAL CORRECTIONS/ADDITIONS (Continued)

- 15. Page 6 Restructuring Item 2. a. to read:
  - a. This and related restructuring will be done so as to protect programming at the associate degree level. and similar instruction.
- 16. Page 6 Restructuring Item 3 and Item 4 Interchanged to read:
  - 3. The University will continue to explore the reorganization of other academic units. For example, the College of Arts and Sciences and the Williams School of Business.
  - 4. The University will reorganize the Information Services units with the goal of integrating the information systems. The Information Services primary mission will be to support the academic sector of the institution.
- 17. Page 6 Academic Programs Addition of Item 1 and Interchange of other items to read:
  - 1. The University is committed to a full spectrum of baccalaureate and masters degree programs.
  - 2. YSU will strengthen existing programs to enhance their visibility and prominence as a primary goal and then expand programs in strategic areas.
  - 3. The University will revise and improve the existing honors program so that it serves as a magnet to students seeking academic excellence.
  - 4. YSU will strengthen its commitment to programming at the doctoral level including the development of new doctoral programs of an appropriate nature.
  - 5. The University will continue to meet the needs of students who enter with educational deficiencies.

### FINAL REPORT

### RECOMMENDATIONS TOWARD A STRATEGIC PLAN

# Academic Planning Committee 1990-91

Alice D. Betz, Allied Health, Chair

Erin Fogarty, Student
Bernard T. Gillis, Provost

Donald E. Hovey, Management

Patricia G. Humbertson, Geography

Jalal Jalali, Electrical Engineering

Dorothy M. Kennedy, Nursing

Donna J. McNierney, Secondary Education

Fred W. Owens, Speech Communication and Theatre

David P. Ruggles, Dean, School of Education

Nancy White, Psychology

Bernard J. Yozwiak, Dean, College of Arts and Sciences



June 5, 1991

### YOUNGSTOWN STATE UNIVERSITY

## RECOMMENDATIONS TOWARD A STRATEGIC PLAN

		Page
I.	Academic Mission Statement	1
II.	Introduction	2
	Mission Goals	2
	Assumptions	2
III.	Student Enrollment and Services	3
	Research and Scholarship	
	Institutional Advancement and Institutional Development	
VI.	Physical Environment, Facilities and Equipment	4
	Faculty and Staff	
/III.	Athletic Programs	5
IX.	Public Image/Service	5
X.	Restructuring	6
XI.	Academic Programs	6
XII.	Planning	6



#### YOUNGSTOWN STATE UNIVERSITY

### - Academic Mission Statement -

### For the Strategic Plan of the 1990s

The academic mission of Youngstown State University is to foster the search for and concurrent dissemination of knowledge. This effort ultimately is directed both toward elevating the human spirit and toward the intellectual growth and betterment of people and their agencies.

The University is dedicated to superior teaching, rigorous scholarship and research, and responsible public service. It aims to assemble and develop a faculty which embodies these standards and in turn cultivates them among students. It reinforces this effort through cocurricular activities, opportunities for multi-cultural and multi-ethnic interaction, and other out-of-class support. Hence, the University sees a primary test of its effectiveness in its graduates: the kinds of lives they lead, their personal accomplishments and their contributions to social good.

The University is dedicated to broad access to education. It provides academic access through open admission for all Ohio high school graduates to a wide range of programs and through specialized and advanced degree programs. It seeks to provide economic access through a strong program of financial aids as well as reasonable tuition charges. And it is committed to geographic access through attention to the needs of students who either live on or near campus or who commute.

The University is distinguished in its capacity to provide expertise to governmental bodies, industry and businesses, and social service agencies to increase their effectiveness. The University in turn builds its strength on the vitality and support of surrounding communities and their citizens, both organizational and individual, public and private, and by interaction with teaching and research wherever it is found.

In support of this, the University is committed:

- · to achieve academic excellence in teaching, scholarship and study;
- to establish appropriate terminal degree programs;
- to maintain or improve its physical facilities, equipment, and support services;
- to integrate the technologies for creation, manipulation, storage, retrieval, and distribution of print, data, voice, visual and other types of information;
- to develop or aid in the development of residence facilities needed by future students: traditional and nontraditional, undergraduate and graduate;
- to take such steps necessary to acquaint potential students with educational opportunities at the University;
- to maintain or enhance public service, including continuing education, industrial/business opportunity counseling, and applied research/technology transfer; and
- to take other steps, whether subordinate or complementary to these, necessary to realize this academic mission.

YSU Academic Senate-June 5, 1991

#### YOUNGSTOWN STATE UNIVERSITY

### RECOMMENDATIONS TOWARD A STRATEGIC PLAN

### Introduction

These Academic Planning Committee recommendations are based on the Exposure Draft released in September of 1990 and responses by faculty, staff and administration to that document.

The Academic Planning Committee gave thoughtful consideration to many ideas, suggestions and materials that were received and selected the following recommendations as the basis for future planning.

#### - Mission Goals

- Participates fully in Ohio's educational agenda as a full-service metropolitan university.
- Provides access to the entire potential student population in the service region and to populations beyond when it serves the mission.
- Graduates are known for achievements, service to the public good, and rich and liberated lives.
- Programs, faculty, and facilities create worldwide prominence for the region and state.
- Provides an expert labor force, access to facilities and expertise, employment opportunities and financial development for the area.

#### Assumptions

- The regional economy continues to recover when compared to the early 1980s and a new economic base continues to develop.
- Suburban populations will grow and urban and rural populations will shrink.
- Aggressive recruitment and marketing are the norm in higher education.
- Higher education is increasingly necessary for career entry.
- Graduate degrees are increasingly needed for career success.
- The state legislature will permit no major increase in tuition rates or subsidy.
- Traditional sources of revenue will not be enough to meet the future needs of the institution.
- Performance demands on YSU will increase significantly.
- Half or more of the YSU student population will be non-traditional.
- There will be significant turnover of YSU leadership.

### **Student Enrollment and Services**

- Make existing resources more visible and more accessible through easy and convenient registration procedures.
- 2. Accelerate enrollment recruiting and marketing to reflect demographic trends (for example, minorities and non-traditional students).
- 3. Improve retention of students.
- 4. Provide childcare services.
- 5. Develop a policy to assure equitable distribution of scholarships through a monitoring of each student award such that no student receives more from the University than tuition, books and room and board.
- 6. To continue to enhance the quality of student life through appropriate services.

### Research and Scholarship

- 1. The University will continue and sharply expand efforts to encourage and support research, publication and other scholarly activities.
- YSU faculty will maintain and expand expertise in their fields through research and scholarship which lead to publication or, as appropriate, through other activities which produce professional development benefits.
- 3. YSU faculty and administrators will cooperate in long-term efforts to seek external funding in support of research and related scholarly activities.

### Institutional Advancement and Institutional Development\*

- Expand the Office of Institutional Advancement and focus all the talents and energies of the office on development.\*
  - Expand the Office of Institutional Advancement to include a development officer skilled and experienced at successfully competing for institutional grants from public and private agencies.
  - b. Hire specialized experts in development to support traditional fund raising as well as advocacy for institutional development grants.
  - c. Develop, through the Office of Institutional Advancement, a plan for adding one new parttime area specialist for each college for the development of externally funded special projects. Such persons would be responsible to the Office of Institutional Advancement in securing external funding.
- Develop, through the Office of Institutional Advancement, a stable source of funds independent of state aid and tuition specifically for projects that develop and support programs, or that can be used as matching funds.

<sup>\*</sup>Development refers to fund raising.

### Institutional Advancement and Institutional Development\*

(continued)

- 3. Encourage close cooperation and coordination between the Office of Institutional Advancement and the various colleges.
  - a. The development officer (see 1. a.) and staff of the Office of Institutional Advancement coordinate and assist other University personnel in various departments and colleges in competing for grants.
  - Faculty and deans in the various departments and colleges assist the Office of Institutional Advancement in securing new funding sources.
  - c. The Office of Institutional Advancement shall continue to be the coordinating agency to solicit funds in the community.
- 4. The development officer of Institutional Advancement works with University Outreach and News Service and Publications to develop ongoing activities that create a positive and partisan presence for Youngstown State University at the national, state, and regional levels for the purpose of improving YSU's information base and competitive advantage in securing funding and other benefits. These activities will include personal lobbying for YSU grant applications under consideration at national and state agencies, and in the private sector. They will also include developing faculty and staff links with national and state government publications, task forces, and educational decision-making units.

### Physical Environment, Facilities and Equipment

- 1. University Facilities reviews and updates the "Facilities Master Plan" to reflect the needs identified in the "Strategic Plan."
  - a. University Facilities develops a procedure for evaluating building space allocation in consultation with areas being served in the building.
  - b. University Facilities continues to improve handicapped accessibility for all facilities and areas on campus.
  - c. One or more new buildings (for example, a general classroom building and/or a multi-purpose building) will be planned that would house welcoming spaces for students, possibly a child care or wellness facility, and moderate- and large-size classrooms. These buildings would serve multidisciplinary needs and relieve stress in buildings currently operating at or near capacity (specifically Cushwa Hall and Fedor Hall).
  - d. The long-term facilities plan includes new spaces that foster group activities, including but not limited to: mail rooms, "infomats" for students, reading rooms, spaces in all programs for graduate assistants to interact and WYSU-FM music in most of the building foyers.
  - e. The long-term facilities plan will include additional computer/workstation labs.
- Make existing resources more visible and more accessible through improved parking capacity and locations, and create culturally rich and welcoming spaces needed at a large urban university.
- 3. The long-term facilities plan will include the upgrading of YSU's computer network facilities, classrooms, computer linkages, and telecommunication capabilities.

<sup>\*</sup>Development refers to fund raising.

### **Faculty and Staff**

- 1. YSU will serve as a model university in developing human resources and effective communication between faculty, staff and administration to the betterment of the University.
  - a. The YSU administration working with the Senate Academic Planning Committee will review the strategic plan biannually.
- 2. YSU will allocate resources for additional personnel and develop programs for all new full-time employees. The Office of Executive Director of Personnel Services will develop and implement formal inservice programs for all new full-time employees. The programs will include an introduction to the University's history and culture, values implicit in the Mission, system-level goals and objectives, structures and offices, and key procedures such as planning and budgeting as appropriate for individual classifications. The faculty orientation program will emphasize University resources to support teaching and research.
- 3. YSU will actively recruit and employ minority faculty members.
- 4. The Graduate School will develop a program to attract visiting and affiliated scholars.

### **Athletic Programs**

- YSU will have a balanced program of intramural and intercollegiate athletics over the full spectrum of sports for both men and women.
- Athletics is part of the overall educational program of the University. Those responsible for competitive sports (for example coaches) should meet the same hiring criteria as faculty.

### Public Image/Service

- Substantially increase YSU's prominence at all levels: regional, state, national and global.
  - a. The administration, faculty, staff and Board of Trustees pledge themselves to speak out forcefully on behalf of the University's excellence, to seek opportunities to increase the visibility of its excellence, and to promote activities that bring external recognition of its excellence.
  - b. The Office of University Outreach works with News Service and Publications to develop regular public relations activities that communicate internally and externally the many academic, professional, and service achievements of members of the YSU community (for example, better utilization of the Jambar).
- Provide dramatically visible symbols of the area's industrial origins and economic history, as well as its present cultural diversity (for example, buildings should display art inside and out, some hung temporarily and some permanently).
- The Board of Trustees and the University Administration exercise leadership in fostering a spirit
  of this university community based on the central tenets of the Mission. All ceremonial activities
  are reviewed for how they may contribute more directly to developing this spirit of the
  University.

### Restructuring

- The Cushwa Center for Industrial Development, Urban Studies Center, and Human Services
  Development will be regrouped as an independent public service sector and strive to be financially self-sufficient.
- The College of Applied Science and Technology will be restructured to form two new colleges (or schools) each administered by a dean. The colleges (or schools) will be a College of Health and Human Services and a College of Applied Science and Technology.
  - a. This and related restructuring will be done so as to protect programming at the associate degree level.
- 3. The University will continue to explore the reorganization of other academic units.
- 4. The University will reorganize the Information Services units with the goal of integrating the information systems. The Information Services primary mission will be to support the academic sector of the institution.
- 5. The University will explore the feasibility of developing a wellness center.

### **Academic Programs**

- 1. The University is committed to a full spectrum of baccalaureate and masters degree programs.
- YSU will strengthen existing programs to enhance their visibility and prominence as a primary goal and then expand programs in strategic areas.
- 3. The University will revise and improve the existing honors program so that it serves as a magnet to students seeking academic excellence.
- 4. YSU will strengthen its commitment to programming at the doctoral level including the development of new doctoral programs of an appropriate nature.
- The University will continue to meet the needs of students who enter with educational deficiencies.

### Planning

- 1. The president of the University will form a Strategic Planning Team.
  - a. The Strategic Planning Team will be chaired by the president and consist of two high-level administrators and two faculty members selected from a panel of five, submitted by The Academic Senate.
  - b. The Strategic Planning Team will seek the advice of ad hoc committees which will be formed for specific purposes and consist of students, faculty, administrators, professional staff, and/or individuals from the community.
  - c. The goal of the Strategic Planning Team will be to develop a five-year strategic plan for Youngstown State University to be in place by spring of 1992.

Date April 29, 1991 Report Number (for Senate use only) 901-28
Name of Committee submitting report Library and Media Services Committee
Committee status: (elected chartered, appointed chartered, ad hoc, etc.) annointed
Names of Committee members: Dora Bailev, Martin Cala, Thomas Copeland (chair).
Hugh Earn hart, Timothy Gambrel, David Genaway, Beverly Howse,
Floyd Jackson, Tedrow Perkins, David Robinson, Monica Rusnov,
Eugene Sekeres, David Sweetkind, John Yemma
Please write a brief summary of the report which the Committee is submitting to the Senate: (attach complete report) 1991-92 Library Budget: \$909.920. Distribution as follows: General
Works \$85,000 (20.7% decrease); Replacements \$5,000 (55.9% decrease); Schools 8
Colleges \$819,920 (7.5% decrease across the board): C.A.S.T. \$66,840, A.SS. \$503,240,
Bus.Ad. \$84,520, Educ. \$45,830, Engin. \$59,110, F.GP.A. \$60,380
Do you anticipate making a formal motion relative to the report?
If there are substantive changes made from the floor in your committee recommendations, would the committee prefer that the matter be sent back to committee for further consideration?
Other relevant data:
Ja Condinuit

Date April 23, 1991 Report Number (For Senate Use Only) 901-29
Name of Committee Submitting Report Academic Research Committee
Committee Status: (elected chartered, appointed chartered, ad hoc, etc.)
Names of Committee members: <u>Cicarelli, deBlois, Genaway, Harig, Hotchkiss, Haynes,</u> Kushner, Khan, Messuri, Stoll, Tarantine, Umble
Flowd Jackson, Tedgaw Bertins, David Sabinson, Monics Durtow.
Please write a brief summary of the report which the Committee is submitting to the  The Academic Research Committee is concluding another  Senate: (attach complete report) productive year. Currently, the A.R.C. is involved in  organizing Quest '91 - Celebration of Research & Scholarly Activities. This is the 3rd  annual Quest and the A.R.C. had a response of 85 proposals for presentation and 15 poster  sessions. We are extremely pleased with the continued success of this event. This year's  Quest will be held May 7 & 8 in Kilcawley, Please come and enjoy! The A.R.C. has also  been responsible for the Research Usage Questionnaire which was distributed prior to  Apring Break. The results of this will be distributed next academic year, 1991-92.
Do you anticipate making a formal motion relative to the report? No  If so, state the motion:
If there are substantive changes made from the floor in your committee recommendation,
would the committee prefer that the matter be sent back to committee for further
consideration?
Other relevant data:

C.S. duBlois, PhD

Jate 4/28/91	Report Number (For Senate Use Only) 901-30
Name of Committee Subm	itting Report ICP/Honors Programs
Committee Status: (ele appointed	ected chartered, appointed chartered, ad hoc, etc.)
Names of Committee member Frank Castronov	Ders: Theodore Chrobak, Wilda Ferris, Lawrence Haims, TO, Melissa T. Smith (chair) Robert K. Smith, Judy Wilkinson,
Scott Martin, W	Villiam O. Barsch, George Sutton (ex officio) Gordon Mapley (ex offici
Please write a brief su	ummary of the report which the Committee is submitting to the ete report)
The committee revie	wed guidelines and procedures for ICP and Honors program,
but feels no furthe	r action advisable until after changes in upper
administration take	place.paireering Chair Engineering.
	Dr. Gerige sacton, bean, anglavering Dr. Gordon Mapley, Arts and Sciences
Oo you anticipate makin	g a formal motion relative to the report?no
f so, state the motion	Report atonomical to duodes Program
scademic year	The ICP/Honors Progrems Committee spent the 1990-91
(ICP): These	marpar tor Endividualized Curriculum Program
f there are substantiv	e changes made from the floor in your committee recommendation,
ould the committee pre	fer that the matter be sent back to committee for further
ther relevant data:	3. Concluded that both formal self-study and revis
	administrative support. Gurrant hudgetery co
	this time.



# Youngstown State University / Youngstown, Ohio 44555-3461 Department of Foreign Languages and Literatures

(216) 742-3461

FAX (216) 742-1998

TO: Bill Jenkins, Chair, Academic Senate

FROM: MELISSA T. SMITH, CHAIR, Honors-ICP Committee (Foreign

Languages, x3463)

DATE: May 10, 1991

MEMBERS OF HONORS/ICP COMMITTEE

Dr. Theodore Chrobak, Engineering Technology

Dr. Wilda Ferris, Nursing

Dr. Lawrence Haims, Foundations of Education

Dr. Frank Castronovo, Speech and Theater was been seed and the seed to be a seed to

Dr. Robert K. Smith, Chemistry

Dr. Judy Wilkinson, Marketing and declarate and the second of the second

Dr. Scott Martin, Civil Engineering

Dr. William O. Barsch, Chair, Engineering Technology

Dr. George Sutton, Dean, Engineering

Dr. Gordon Mapley, Arts and Sciences

#### Report of the ICP/Honors Program

The ICP/Honors Programs Committee spent the 1990-91 academic year in the following efforts:

- 1. Forwarded to the Programs Division formal guidelines and procedures for Individualized Curriculum Program (ICP). These guidelines can be found attached to the agenda of the Academic Senate for February 6, 1991.
- 2. Reviewed current guidelines for Honors Degree Program and discussed at length the current state of honors at YSU. Contacted the National Collegiate Honors Council for guidance concerning procedures of self-study and outside consultation.
- 3. Concluded that <u>both</u> formal self-study <u>and</u> revision of Honors Programs guidelines dependent on a certain degree of administrative support. Current budgetary conditions and administrative interregnum make any further action unfeasible at this time.

Date <u>4/25/91</u>	Report Number (for Senate use only) 901-31
Name of Committee submitting report	Student Academic Grievance Subcommittee
	pointed chartered, ad hoc, etc.) <u>appointed chartered</u>
Names of Committee members:	McBriarty (chair), Donald Milley, Larry Hugenberg
Homer Warren, Kathylynn Feld, Lo	ouis Hill, Robert McCoy, Elizabeth Bobeck,
p.5119	n, Greg Misel, Amy Bloomingdale
Please write a brief summary of the report complete report) Summary of committee	rt which the Committee is submitting to the Senate: (attach tee action for 1990-91
	Academic Affairs Committee for further Action.
Chair Chair	Charles Nobrianty,
Do you anticipate making a formal motion	relative to the report? <u>no</u>
If so, state the motion:	
	rom the floor in your committee recommendations, would the ack to committee for further consideration?n/a
Other relevant data: <u>n/a</u>	
	Mishingunito
	Chair

### REPORT TO ACADEMIC SENATE May 1, 1991

The Student Academic Grievance Subcommittee has met a total of seven times. One session was dedicated to orienting the membership, one academic dishonesty hearing, two grievance hearings, and three business meetings. In addition, there are two academic dishonesty cases that are pending the scheduling of discipline hearings.

The results of the discipline/grievance hearings include:

- One grievance upheld in favor of the faculty member.
- One grievance upheld in favor of the student.
- One academic dishonesty case resulted in finding the student in violation of the Code.

The chair of the subcommittee has kept in touch with the chair of the Student Academic Affairs Committee. The subcommittee has reviewed syllabi grading language and forwarded that information to the Student Academic Affairs Committee for further action.

Submitted by:

Student Academic Grievance Subcommittee Charles McBriarty, Chair April 16, 1991

ate May 20,1991 R	eport Number (For Senate Use Only) 901-32
Name of Committee Submitting Report	University Curriculum Division
Locato, A team approach	essionals in behalf of students with special
Committee Status: (elected charter	ed, appointed chartered, ad hoc, etc.)
	Appointed chartered
Names of Committee members: J. Mis	tovich (chair), T. Kermani, H. Yiannaki, I. Heal,
D. Henneman, P. Munro, N. Shillengto	A STATE OF THE STA
b. Helmeman, 1. Hallo, N. Olliffengro	in coldeniare ascell chromotoxen is to
aus. Same as sacondary	A TOTAL STATE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE STATE O
Please write a brief summary of the	report which the Committee is submitting to the
Senate: _(attach complete report) T	he attached curriculum proposals have been
firstion of resources and	Compiler a singulated to the warious doors and
approved by the University Curricul	um Committee, circulated to the various deans and
departments, and are being presente	d to the University Senate: 91-190, 91-192, 91-193;
91-260; 91-280 through 91-284; 91-29	91 through 91-297; 91-301 through 91-311; 91-313
through 91-326.	rvey or contemporary psychological interpre-
Do you anticipate making a formal mo	otion relative to the report? No
(Deleta)	2006
If so, state the motion:	HI AND BUR DAYS TO BE A SECOND OF THE SECOND
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YZI/TUNCTOO DAS ESONOFTACE	s vroitsrodel less languin-se di but de
ours of lab. Present	ning encounters required of lectures hive h
If there are substantive changes mad	de from the floor in your committee recommendation,
(Delece)	Art
	matter be sent back to committee for further
consideration? ONT STREET ADDITION	way of the artistic needs of children from
ogmunity teaching	e-dimensional laboratory experiences, and c
	numbers, The inclusion of theories derminal
Other relevant data:	
	waterman and an income

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91-190 SPED 862. Special Education (Change)
Principles of Interaction with Special Needs
Students

Principles and methods of interaction with students, parents and other professionals in behalf of students with special needs. A team approach and the use of community resources will be emphasized. Prereq.:

SPED 802. Same as COUNS 862.

91-192 Special Education (Change)
SPED 874. Gifted and Talented Programs
Survey of theoretical foundations of contemporary programs and models;
historical development; issues, evaluation, and research;
differentiated programming procedures and problems. Same as Secondary
Education 874. Prereq.: Admission to the School of Education.

4 q.h.

91-193 Special Education (Change)
SPED 878. Teaching Gifted and Talented Students
Theory and organization of curriculum with design and integration of content subjects including strategies and identification of resources and materials. Same as Secondary Education 878. Prereq.: Admission to the School of Education.

4 q.h.

Philosophy and Religious Studies (Change)
RELST 756.

Psychology of Religion

A survey of contemporary psychological interpretations of religion and religious experiences, including those by Freud, Maslow, Jung, and Grof.

Prereq: PSYCH 560. Listed also as PSYCH 703.

4 q.h.

91-280 Art (Delete)
ART 767. School Arts and Crafts Intermediate
A study of the artistic needs of students from grades four through six, and the exploration of the creative process and attitudes involved in providing meaningful experiences. Implementation of these needs include lecture, two and three-dimensional laboratory experiences and community teaching encounters. Required of all Elementary Education and Art Education majors. One hour of lecture; five hours of lab. Prereq.:
Art 760.

91-281 Art (Delete)
ART 760. School Arts and Crafts Primary

A study of the artistic needs of children from nursery school through grade three. Implementation of these needs include lecture, two and three-dimensional laboratory experiences, and community teaching encounters. The inclusion of theories germinal to art education will prepare the student for other sequential courses in art education. Two hours of lecture and fours hours of lab per week. Prereq.: Junior standing or consent of the instructor.

4 q.h.

17

91-282 Art (Add)

T 746. Desktop Publishing for the Designer

Taphic design based on desktop publishing software and hardware.

Emphasis on page layout, type design and scanned images. Prereq.:

Art 550 or Art 727 or permission of instructor. Six hours lab per week.

3 q.h.

91-283. Speech Communication and Theatre (Change)
SPCH 897. Seminar in Telecommunications
This course is designed to investigate contemporary aspects of telecommunication. May be repeated for credit as long as specific seminar subjects are not repeated. Prereq.: SPCH 682 and 683, with a grade of C or better in both.

4 q.h.

91-284 Speech Communication and Theatre (Change)
SPCH 754. Argumentation
Developing critical thinking through the systematic evaluation of theories, principles and practices of argumentation. Prereq.: SPCH 550 or 652 or 654 or ENGL 551. 4 q.h.

91-291 Home Economics (Change)
HOMEC 613L. Nutritional Care Clinical Experience
Application of nutritional care process in a hospital setting. Includes conferences, 2 hour on-campus seminar, and 6 hours supervised clinical experience per week. Prereq.: HOMEC 603, 603L. 4 q.h.

Foreign Languages and Literatures (Add)
/LG 501, 502, 503. Elementary Foreign Language Topic 1, 2, 3
Basic study of a foreign language stressing the fundamental skills of speaking, reading, writing, and understanding the spoken language as well as an introduction to the culture of its speakers. Languages to be announced each time the course is offered. May be repeated if language is different. The prerequisite for 502 is 501 or equivalent; the prerequisite for 503 is 502 or equivalent.

4+4+4 q.h.

91-293

Health and Physical Education (Change)

PHED 750.

Principles of Coaching

The scientific, psychosocial, and management aspects of coaching.

Includes ethics and legal responsibilities, personnel management,

community relation, conditioning, and other related topics. Prereq.: 10

quarter hours of activity credit, or junior standing and consent of

instructor.

3 q.h.

91-294 Physics (Add)
PHYS 500L. Conceptual Physics Laboratory
Experimental work designed to supplement PHYS 500. Two hours per week.
Prereq. or concurrent: PHYS 500.

Astronomy (Add)
ASTRO 504L.

Astronomy Laboratory
Telescope and planetarium laboratory work designed to supplement ASTRO 504. Two hours per week. Prereq. or concurrent: ASTRO 504.

24

91-296 Psychology (Add)
PSYCH 711. Applied Principles of Industrial Psychology
Selected topics, concepts, and principles of Industrial/Organizational
Psychology as applied to the engineer in the workplace. Prereq.:
PSYCH 560. 4 q.h.

PHYS 501. Fundamentals of Physics 1

A study of the methods of analyzing motion of mechanical systems. The topics treated are kinematics, forces, energy and momentum, rotational kinematics, torque and angular momentum. Not recommended for mathematics, chemistry or physics majors or engineering students.

Prereq.: MATH 512 and 520, or equivalent high school algebra and trigonometry.

4 q.h.

91-301 Physics and Astronomy (Change)
PHYS 730. Electronic Instrumentation
Theory of direct and alternating-current circuits, solid state devices, electrical and electronic instrumentation. Prereq.: PHYS 611 (or PHYS 650) and MATH 705.

3 q.h.

91-302 Physics and Astronomy (Change)
PHYS 730L. Electronic Instrumentation Laboratory
Laboratory work in alternating-current circuits, transistor and diode circuits, and electronic instrumentation. Six hours per week.
Concurrent: PHYS 730. 2 q.h.

Physics and Astronomy (Delete)
PHYS 730L,731L,732L. Electricity and Magnetism Laboratory 1, 2, 3
Laboratory work in steady state and transient responses of alternatingcurrent circuits, characteristics and uses of non-linear circuit elements, including vacuum tubes and solid state devices. Three hours per week.
Concurrent: For PHYS 730L, PHYS 730. 1+1+1 q.h.

91-304 Physics and Astronomy (Change)
PHYS 810. Introduction to Quantum Mechanics
The postulates of wave mechanics, the Schroedinger Wave Equation, and solution for elementary problems in quantum theory. Prereq.: PHYS 702 and 705; MATH 706.

91-305 Physics and Astronomy (Change)
PHYS 820. Advanced Quantum and Quantum Statistical Mechanics
Quantum-mechanical scattering, angular-momentum coupling schemes,
hydrogen molecular ion, Thomas-Fermi and Hartree-Fock models; quantum
statistics and applications to the theory of metals, superfluidity and
superconductivity. Prereq.: PHYS 810 and PHYS 815. 3 q.h.

91-306 Physics and Astronomy (Add)
PHYS 741, 742, 743. Electromagnetic Field Theory 1, 2, 3
Electric field and potential, charge distribution, polarization of material media, magnetic field and the vector potential, magnetic moments and magnetic polarization of media, introduction to and application of Maxwell's equations. Prereq.: PHYS 611 or 650 and
MATH 705.

-307 Chemical Engineering (Add)

Introduction to electochemical mechanism and theory of corrosion, engineering practice, and criteria for both anodic and cathodic control. Theory and engineering practice in the use of inhibitors. Prereq.: CHEGR 681 or 683.

91-308 Chemical Engineering (Delete)
CHEGR 685. Corrosion Control Engineering
Introduction to electrochemical mechanism and theory of corrosion,
engineering practice, and criteria for both anodic and cathodic control.
Theory and engineering practice in the use of inhibitors. Prereq.:
MATH 572, CHEM 517 or CHEGR 681.

4 q.h.

91-309 Chemical Engineering (Change)
CHEGR 721. Engineering Plastics
Preparation, characterization, manufacture, properties, and applications of commercial polymers. Prereq.: CHEGR 681 or 683, CHEM 721 or consent of instructor.

4 q.h.

91-310. Chemical Engineering (Change)
CHEGR 883. Mathematical Methods in Chemical Engineering
The applications of advanced mathematics to the solution of chemical engineering problems. Topics covered include treatment and interpretation of engineering data, modeling of chemical engineering 'stems and formulation of ordinary and partial differential equations verning chemical engineering operations and their solutions by use of numerical and analytical techniques. Prereq.: CHEGR 786. 4 q.h.

Chemical Engineering (Change)

CHEGR 700.

Measurement Laboratory

Computer applications in real-time data acquisition and laboratory data processing. Measurements of physical and chemical properties. Oral presentations and preparation of technical reports. 3 hr. laboratory.

Prereq.: CHEGR 600, ENGL 551, CHEGR 683.

1 q.h.

91-313 English (Add)
ENGL 849. Professional and Technical Editing
A study of the skills needed to make appropriate editorial changes in the grammar, mechanics, style, format, and organization of manuscripts for scholarly, trade, and professional publications. The course deals with stages in the publishing process, mechanical and substantive editing, and the use of house or press style. Prereq.: ENGL 551 and junior standing.

91-314 Accounting and Finance (Change) FIN 724. (DDA)

Credit Management The nature, uses, and general functions of credit, credit instruments and legal aids for the credit department are presented. Management of the business credit-granting function; management of the consumer creditgranting function; investigation and analysis of commercial, bank, and foreign credit risks; analysis of financial statements for credit purposes; control of accounts receivable in relation to sales and working capital; and the control of credits and collections are evolved. Prereq.: FIN 720.

lectrochemical mechanism and theory of corro 91-315 Accounting and Finance (Add) FIN 725. Real Estate Investment Topics covered include real property ownership, real estate markets,

valuation methods, financing methods and management of real estate investments. Prereq.: FIN 720. 4 q.h.

91-316 Accounting and Finance (Delete) FIN 717. Real Estate Principles

Principles of real property ownership and real estate practices; types of deeds, leases, and restriction; real estate brokerage, selling and advertising; property management; subdividing and developing; zoning and its effects. Prereq.: MGT 604. 3 q.h.

of advanced mathematics to Accounting and Finance (Delete) 91-317 FIN 718. Real Estate Finance and Problems

Methods of financing ownership or occupancy of real property. Real estate and real estate paper as a field of investment. Problems involved in appraisal and practical methods of appraisal. Individual research. Prereq.: FIN 717. 3 q.h.

(Add) Accounting and Finance 91-318

FIN 726. Risk Management The fundamental nature of risk and insurance. Property and liability insurance and other loss-bearing techniques are examined along with the proper use of life insurance in personal and business planning. Prereq.: FIN 720. 4 q.h.

Accounting and Finance (Delete) 91-319 FIN 722. Insurance Fundamentals

The fundamental nature of risk and its influence upon all human activities is studied. Principles of insurance, insurance coverage, and other loss-bearing techniques are examined. Prereq.: MGT 604. .d.p. E. use of house or press style. Presed : ENGL 551

Accounting and Finance (Delete) 91-320 FIN 723. Life Insurance

The fundamental nature of life insurance and the principles and technical facts in the field of study. The proper use of life insurance in personal and business planning. Prereq.: MGT 604.

91-321 English English (Delete)

NGL 749. Professional and Technical Editing
study of the skills needed to make appropriate editorial changes in the grammar, mechanics, style, format, and organization of manuscripts for scholarly, trade, and professional publications. The course deals with stages in the publishing process, mechanical and substantive editing, and the use of house or press style. Prereq. ENGL 551 and junior standing.4 q.h.

91-322 Chemical Engineering (Add)
CHEGR 650. Computer Methods in Chemical Engineering
Application of computational software packages and spreadsheets to solve chemical engineering problems. Utilization of process simulation packages, such as HYSIM and FLOWTRAN. Real-time computing applications in laboratory automation. One lecture hour and three laboratory hours per week. Prereg.: INEGR 642.

91-323 Counseling (Change)
COUNS 862. Principles of Interaction with Special Needs
Students

Principles and methods of interaction with students, parents and other professionals in behalf of students with special needs. A team approach and the use of community resources will be emphasized. Prereq.: SPED 802. Also listed as SPED 862.

91-324 Secondary Education (Change)
SECED 874. Gifted and Talented Programs

rvey of theoretical foundations of contemporary programs and models; historical development; issues, evaluation, and research; differentiated programming procedures and problems. Identical with Special Education 874.

91-325 Secondary Education (Change)
SECED 878. Teaching Gifted and Talented Students
Theory and organization of curriculum with design and integration of content subjects including strategies and identification of resources and materials. Identical with Special Education 878. 4 g.h.

91-326 Psychology (Delete)
PSYCH 703. Psychology of Religion
Identical with Religious Studies 756. Applicable to the psychology major only with permission of the chairperson. 4 q.h.

COVER SHEET TO BE ATTACHED TO ALL REPORTS SUBMITTED TO THE ACADEMIC SENATE Date May 22, 1991 Report Number (For Senate Use Only) 901-33
Name of Committee Submitting Report Committee on Quarter/Semester Conversion
Committee Status: (elected chartered, appointed chartered, ad hoc, etc.)
Names of Committee Members: Peter Baldino, James Cicarelli, Frank D'Isa, William Eichenberger, Dorcas Fitzgerald, Robert Hogue, Thomas Maraffa, Jane Reid,
Susan Sexton, Harold Yiannaki.
Please write a brief summary of the report which the Committee is submitting to the Senate (attach complete report):
After gathering and considering information from a variety of sources within and
external to the University, the committee expressed a preference for semesters by
a six to four vote. The consensus of the committee was to recommend that the Senate
review the report and consider the issue during Fall, 1991.
Do you anticipate making a formal motion relative to the report? <u>yes</u> .  If so, state the motion:
That the Senate review the report and consider the issue of Quarter/Semester
conversion during Fall, 1991.
If there are substantive changes made from the floor in your committee recommendation, would the committee prefer that the matter be sent back to committee for further consideration?yes
Other relevant data:
In a Much
Chairman (please initial)

Senate 89-90/covlet.sen

# alternatives to the Paarly semester" calendar. Use of this calendar has grown the mo of TROPAR so that it is now the

### QUARTER/SEMESTER COMMITTEE

The Ad Hoc Committee on Quarter/Semester Conversion was formed by action of the University Senate at its June 1990 meeting. The committee was charged with the task of determining the feasibility and desirability of converting to a semester system at YSU. To this end the committee performed the following tasks:

- Conducted a survey of University faculty (Fall, 1990). This brief questionnaire involved a statement of preference for quarters vs. semesters, and an opportunity to list perceived advantages and disadvantages of the semester system. The results of the questionnaire are attached as Appendix A.
- Conducted a survey of Administrators to determine the potential savings/costs associated with semester calendar for various administrative units. (Winter, 1991)
- 3. Conducted a survey of department chairs (Winter, 1991) to assess potential impact of semester calendar on academic units. The results of this survey are attached as Appendix B.
- 4. Conducted hearings with faculty of each college/school, university administrators, and students so that members of the University community could express their views on calendar change and question members of the committee. A total of nine hearings were held. Written comments were also solicited from the University community. Summaries of comments at each hearing are attached as Appendix C.
- 5. Obtained information from universities that had recently converted to semesters. A list of universities from which information was obtained is attached as Appendix D.
- 6. Conducted a search of the literature on calendar conversion.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The Appendices are not included with this report but are available to any interested parties.

There are at least six different academic calendars in use. The committee decided to limit consideration of calendar alternatives to the "early semester" calendar. Use of this calendar has grown the most rapidly, so that it is now the most widely used calendar, employed by over 58% of colleges and universities nationwide. Under this calendar the fall semester runs from late August or early September to mid-December. The Spring semester runs from mid-January to early May. Typically there is a one week break in mid-March of the Spring Semester.

Under the semester system the standard course would have three hours credit. Although variations are possible, terms are typically 15 weeks with one week for exams.

# FINDINGS

Based on the information gathered above the committee arrived at the following conclusions.

### Pedagogic Issues

The academic/pedagogic arguments regarding the merits of semesters compared to quarters are not resolvable. The literature on learning outcomes reveals no clear relationship to length of term. Advocates of semesters point to the value of longer time periods to develop skills such as writing, performance, and speech. More time is available to develop projects and for faculty to provide feedback to students. Advocates of quarters point to a more intense educational experience. They feel that semesters contain too much dead time.

These arguments are well-illustrated within the YSU faculty. Some College of Education faculty are strongly convinced that semesters are pedagogically sounder. Others are equally convinced that the opposite is true. Within the College of Engineering, some faculty believe that the smaller units of material under quarters are best for technical subjects. One engineering faculty member noted that accreditation boards are emphasizing design and problem-solving in courses, and that quarters are too short for students to develop these skills.

Debate also focused on the merits of majors with fewer and longer courses compared to more and shorter courses. For example, under the current quarter system a major typically involves 48 hours and 12 four hour courses that meet for 10 weeks. Under the semester system the major would be 30 hours, consist of 10 three hour courses, and those courses would meet for 15 weeks.

The semester calendar may enable greater flexibility in evening programs. Since class periods are shorter, three classes could easily be scheduled between 5:30 P.M. and 10 P.M. Classes may also meet for only one evening per week for three hours. Some universities have found it desirable to design courses that meet more intensively for seven weeks and then double up courses within a semester.

#### Faculty Concerns

The faculty are split over the issue of calendar change. Those opposed to calendar change are most concerned about the process of conversion, rather than being opposed to semesters per se. The survey of faculty revealed 40% in favor of semesters, 47% opposed, and 13% undecided. The split in faculty opinion was reinforced in various hearings conducted on campus. Faculty in specific areas, such as Engineering and CAST, are fearful that the proportion of hours in required courses will significantly increase. For example, will the eight quarter hours in English 550-551 become one three-hour semester course or two three-hour semester courses requiring a full year? Areas such as Education, Engineering, and CAST point to tightly structured programs as being especially difficult to convert. In each case outside factors--scheduling of schools for student teaching, arrangements with hospitals for clinicals, accreditation boards -- are cited as significant problems.

Faculty workload is an issue of great concern and would have to be negotiated by the university and the faculty. A straight conversion of workload would be four, three-hour courses per semester. This would result in one less course per year. Some faculty feel that this would be a less desirable workload than the present three, four-hour courses per quarter. Concerns were also raised about the number of separate course preparations under the semester system. Three course preparations would be common, and four preparations might be possible in some units. Experiences of other universities are generally that semester conversion does not result in additional faculty, nor does it change annual faculty workload. The tendency is to adopt the straight conversion described above. Neither supply of limited service faculty nor the extended teaching service program should be jeopardized by semester conversion.

Faculty had questions about summer school. The desire is to maintain two summer sessions. Many models of summer school scheduling are available from the experiences of other universities.

#### Benefits/Costs

The semester system can result in advantages and savings to a university, however it is difficult if not impossible to put a dollar estimate on savings resulting from semester conversion. It only makes sense that performing many university operations two times instead of three times will cost less. Furthermore, any increases in operational expenses would be felt less under a semester plan.

Many of the benefits of semester calendar are intangible. However, such improvements as more efficient use of personnel, more relaxed atmosphere, a better academic image, and better service to students are cited. Many faculty feel that they would be more productive under a semester calendar because of one less round of syllabi preparation, final exams, and advising.

University human and financial resources will have to be committed to the conversion process. An attempt to realistically estimate the costs of conversion is also difficult. The experience of other universities indicates that the conversion will be a three-year process. Curriculum will have to be revised and academic programs restructured. The catalog will have to be rewritten. The way we do things will have to be rethought in many cases. The computer center reported that virtually all systems must be reviewed and converted, which will require additional resources. The bursar expressed concern that billings would suffer because students will pay a larger sum twice a year. However, computerization will minimize much of this impact. A monthly payment system is also possible. Enrollment services has also indicated that a significant amount of time must be expended during the conversion. The class scheduling model will need to be revised. The actual conversion of the inventory of courses must be accomplished by this area in conjunction with curriculum development. Additionally, the permanent record system will undergo revisions to reflect the semester hour and quality point average.

### Student Issues

Semester conversion should be neutral for students involved in the transition period. The conversion process must protect the interests of students. Many models exist at other universities on how to manage the transition without detriment to students.

The committee made a sincere effort to determine student opinion on calendar change. The scheduled student hearing, although well-publicized, was poorly attended. Efforts to establish a dialogue with Student Government proved unsuccessful. Apparently, calendar change is not a priority concern to students.

Members of the committee discussed the issue with students on an individual basis or in classes. Many students were unclear about the mechanics of conversion and do not understand the issues. Some students expressed preference for quarters because of greater flexibility, shorter terms, and greater variety of courses. Others preferred semesters because they are perceived as less hectic, and thought the learning environment would improve. Students would buy fewer textbooks under a semester system and those texts would be used more completely. Under semester system, the school schedule would change less frequently and class time lost because of illness, family, job, or other commitments, is less critical and could be made-up over a longer period.

# Institutional Issues

The fact that so many universities have converted successfully to semesters and that many of these are as large and diverse as Y.S.U. means that their is no reason why Y.S.U. could not successfully convert to semesters. The early semester calendar is now used by 58% of the institutions of higher education compared to 27% in 1971. The quarter system is increasingly a calendar of two-year institutions. In Ohio, four state universities are currently on early semesters, including Kent State and Akron from which most transfers to Y.S.U. originate. Four more are currently studying conversion from quarters to semesters. One of these is Ohio State, which is likely to change to semesters. One community college will convert to semesters in 1993 and another is studying conversion.

Concerns have also been raised about the timing of semester conversion. Some, while acknowledging the advantages of semesters, question whether YSU can at this time afford the costs associated with conversion.

At this time a clear statement of preference for quarters or semesters is lacking from YSU's upper administration. At many of the institutions that have changed calendars, the impetus for conversion came from the administration or the state mandate of a uniform calendar. Faculty at those institutions were just as divided on the issue as the faculty at YSU.

#### CONCLUSIONS

The Ad Hoc Committee on Quarter/Semester Conversion gathered information from sources both within the University and from other universities. Based on this information the committee arrived at the following conclusions:

- -- The academic/pedagogic arguments regarding the merits of semesters compared to quarters are not resolvable.
- -- YSU faculty are split over the issue of calendar change with those opposed to calendar change most concerned about the process of change, rather semesters per se.
  - -- Faculty workload and the timing of the change are issues of great concern shared by those in favor or opposed to semesters.
  - -- The semester system can result in advantages and savings to a university. It is difficult to put a dollar estimate on these savings because many benefits are intangible. Others would not accrue until well after the conversion occurs.
  - -- Conversion to semesters would most likely require a three-year commitment of University human and financial resources, and involves review of curriculum, restructuring of academic programs, and adaptation of University operations.
  - -- The conversion process must protect the interests of students and should be neutral for students involved in the transition period.
  - -- There is no reason why YSU could not successfully convert to semesters given that so many comparable universities have done so.
  - -- A clear statement of preference for semesters is lacking from YSU's upper administration. Semester conversion at universities that have changed calendars was frequently mandated by the state or strongly encouraged by the administration.

After considering this report, the committee expressed by a six to four vote preference for semesters. The consensus of the committee was to recommend that the Senate review the report and consider the issue during Fall, 1991.