

News Briefs

Cookbook to benefit infant safety program

The YSU Human Services Development needs recipes in order to publish a cookbook benefiting a Mahoning County infant safety program.

Student receives \$5,000 fellowship

Chad Miller of Poland, Ohio, received a fellowship from the Honorary Society of Phi Kappa Phi for the fourth consecutive academic school year.

Retired prof receives award

Sandra Stephan, a retired YSU professor since 2006, received the College English Association of Ohio's John Hollow Award in recognition for her dedication and memorable service to the organization.

Fashion coordinator receives statewide award

Virginia Bendel Draa, coordinator of Merchandising: Fashion and Interiors in the Department of Human Ecology, received the Outstanding Professional of the Year award from the Ohio Association of Family and Consumer Sciences, District B.

Police Briefs

Drivers permit found

An anonymous citizen turned in a driver's permit they found in the M-24 parking lot on May 25 during a swim meet.

Report of possible suicide attempt

Youngstown Police notified the YSU police dispatcher that they were looking for a person who wanted to commit suicide on May 23.

Trespass warning issued

YSU police observed someone on a bicycle looking in a trash can and around a doorway at the north east door of Ward Beecher on May 20.

Stolen bike

A student reported that a bike stolen from outside of Maag library on May 20. A short time later, YSU police saw someone riding a bike that fit the same description on Wick Ave.

ACADEMICS

Wake Forest joins schools dropping SAT, ACT requirement

Jane Stancill McClatchy Newspapers

In a groundbreaking move, Wake Forest University will no longer require applicants to submit SAT or ACT test scores for admission.

Wake Forest will become the only top 30 national university in the U.S. News & World Report ranking to make the standardized tests optional.

University officials say they changed their policy after reviewing extensive research that shows the tests favor wealthy students and aren't the best predictors of college success.

"We think it's the fair and right thing for us to do," said Martha Allman, director of admissions.

much want to bring to Wake Forest University."

Students can still choose to submit their test scores for consideration, and Allman expects many to do so.

And the university will now encourage students to do a personal interview with admissions staff, either by face-to-face meeting or virtually using a computer.

In education circles, the debate has long simmered about the value of the SAT — a key factor used by elite universities to weed out applicants.

There is a growing movement of colleges and universities that de-emphasize the test.

Cambridge, Mass.-based watchdog organization that monitors standardized testing and advocates for alternatives, counts about 760 schools that don't require the SAT or ACT.

But Wake Forest's decision is significant because of its reputation and its location in the Southeast, where fewer colleges have dropped the test requirement.

"This extends the test optional movement to a very competitive national university," Schaeffer said.

This year, Wake Forest received more than 9,000 applications and

expects 1,200 freshmen to enroll this fall.

The policy may come as a relief to talented students with good grades but lackluster test scores.

Colleges that have made the tests optional have seen a spike in applications and a more racially and economically diverse applicant pool.

The bottom line is that the SAT has never been a measure that correlates to success in college.

lege grades," he said. "It's a very reliable predictor of family income.

Wake Forest may gain a leg up on its competitors, said Steven Roy Goodman, a Washington-based consultant who advises high school students on college admissions.

"I think what's probably driving this is the desire to generate more applications," Goodman said.

If more elite schools follow Wake Forest's lead, said Schaeffer of FairTest, the trend could alleviate stress among high schoolers.

QUAKE page 2

In Beijing, a senior official reiterated a variation on a pledge first made by Premier Wen Jiabao that those responsible for substandard buildings would be punished.

Li Rongrong, head of China's Assets Supervision and Administration Commission, which oversees state companies, promised to punish any state-owned companies found to have built schools that collapsed in the quake.

"If these buildings (that collapsed) were built by major state-owned firms, we will take severe measures," Li said.

In another rural district near Dujiangyan, named Xiang'e, a middle school and an elementary school both collapsed, killing some 400 students.

A disgruntled resident, Ma Fucui, who said she lost a nephew in the collapse, held up a brick taken from the rubble of the middle school and rubbing off faux cement, citing it as an example of illicit cost-cutting in school construction.

"Look, it's just sand. It's not cement. Normally, cement wouldn't crumble like this," she said, picking off chunks.

She said local residents "are angry. They are trying to search for the principal. The principal has run away. Nobody has seen him since (the earthquake)."

Asked why the principal had left the village of 15,000 residents, she

said: "He couldn't face the parents."

Chinese journalists, some of them blogging under pseudonyms, are joining the campaign to seek redress for shoddy school construction.

So far, the list includes 175 schools, with a total of 8,365 classrooms and dormitories. Last week, the state Xinhua news agency filed a report listing the schools destroyed as more than 6,800, mistaking classrooms destroyed for schools in an English-language report.

PROF page 2

After they saw the premier of China fly to Sichuan, however, everyone realized the quake was a national disaster.

The TV was constantly on, and everyone checked the Internet for news updates. While at her reunion, former classmates talked about the earthquake rather than themselves.

While most news reports were still positive, Wang said she thought the Chinese government took action well compared to previous incidents, because they opened up about the death toll.

They also ran photos of the aftermath, showing photos of arms and legs of children that shocked people, Wang said.

"In order for them to leave, the doctors had to cut off their legs," Wang said of some survivors.

avoid getting a job. Now, she thinks the degree is necessary component for most people in her field.

"In order to move up, it's highly recommended," Kirby said.

Danielle Frabutt said she feels pressured by family, friends and professors to further her education.

Working the last six months as a personal assistant to the director of the American Wind Symphony Orchestra, Frabutt will attend graduate school in the fall for music performance, continuing as an assistant.

"In music performance there is huge pressure to continue on to graduate school," Frabutt said, "As you further your education in performance you gain the 'right knowledge' to teach on a collegiate level."

MASTER'S page 2

with bachelor's degrees rather than master's degrees, he added.

Some students, however, feel additional schooling is necessary.

Melissa Kirby, a recent YSU master's graduate, said she hopes her degree in counseling will make her far more successful than she would've been with just a bachelor's.

While some schools will take counselors with a bachelor's degree and a couple of years of experience, most will say that bachelor's is required, but master's is preferred.

Kirby, who will be working at Pacific Lutheran University in Tacoma, Wash., said that initially she had gone for her master's to

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OUR SIDE

Students feel gas pains at pump more than ever

RELATED STORY

GAS PRICES, page 1

The rising price of gasoline makes attending college far more expensive than the up front cost of tuition.

Additionally, it makes actually attending classes much more difficult.

At a university such as Youngstown State, which is considered to be primarily a commuter school, gas is a major expense in students' budgets. The continued rise makes it more and more likely that students will attend class less often than they do now.

Gas prices have risen \$0.63 in the past year, and \$0.11 in the past week alone.

Something must be done.

Gas prices are determined by the price of oil, which is nearly \$130 dollars per barrel.

The factors which go into this are numerous, including lack of domestic refinery capacity, reliance on foreign oil, and prices set by the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries, a foreign monopoly created to subvert the free market in a misguided effort to control prices.

The interests of the U.S. are sorely ill-served in this arrangement.

Those of us who are charged with becoming the next generation of leaders, provided we can afford to educate ourselves in order to keep this charge, are left with the tab.

Some argue that our best option is to move away from the use of fossil fuels, which will help to solve the problem, but it will not be enough.

Others will argue that caps should be placed on prices. This will do more harm than good, however, because it will drive many out of business, creating large scale unemployment when gas station owners are no longer able to cover their overhead expenses.

Regardless of one's political leanings, we can all agree that the situation cannot remain as it is.

It will be on this generation to provide the innovation to move beyond the problem of gas prices.

Provided, that is, that we can afford to keep driving to school.

POLICIES

Editorials in The Jambar reflect the opinions of the editorial staff, including the Editor in Chief, News Editor, Managing Editor and Copy Editor.

The Jambar encourages letters to the editor. E-mail submissions are welcome at thejambar@gmail.com.

Letters should concern campus issues, must be typed and must not exceed 400 words. Submissions must include name and telephone number for verification, and letters are subject to editing for spelling, grammar and clarity. Items submitted become the property of The Jambar and will not be returned.

Letters will not be rejected based on the views expressed in them. Letters may be rejected if they are not relevant to Jambar readers, if they seek free publicity or if the editorial staff decides the subject has been sufficiently aired. The Jambar will not print letters that are libelous, threatening, obscene or indecent.

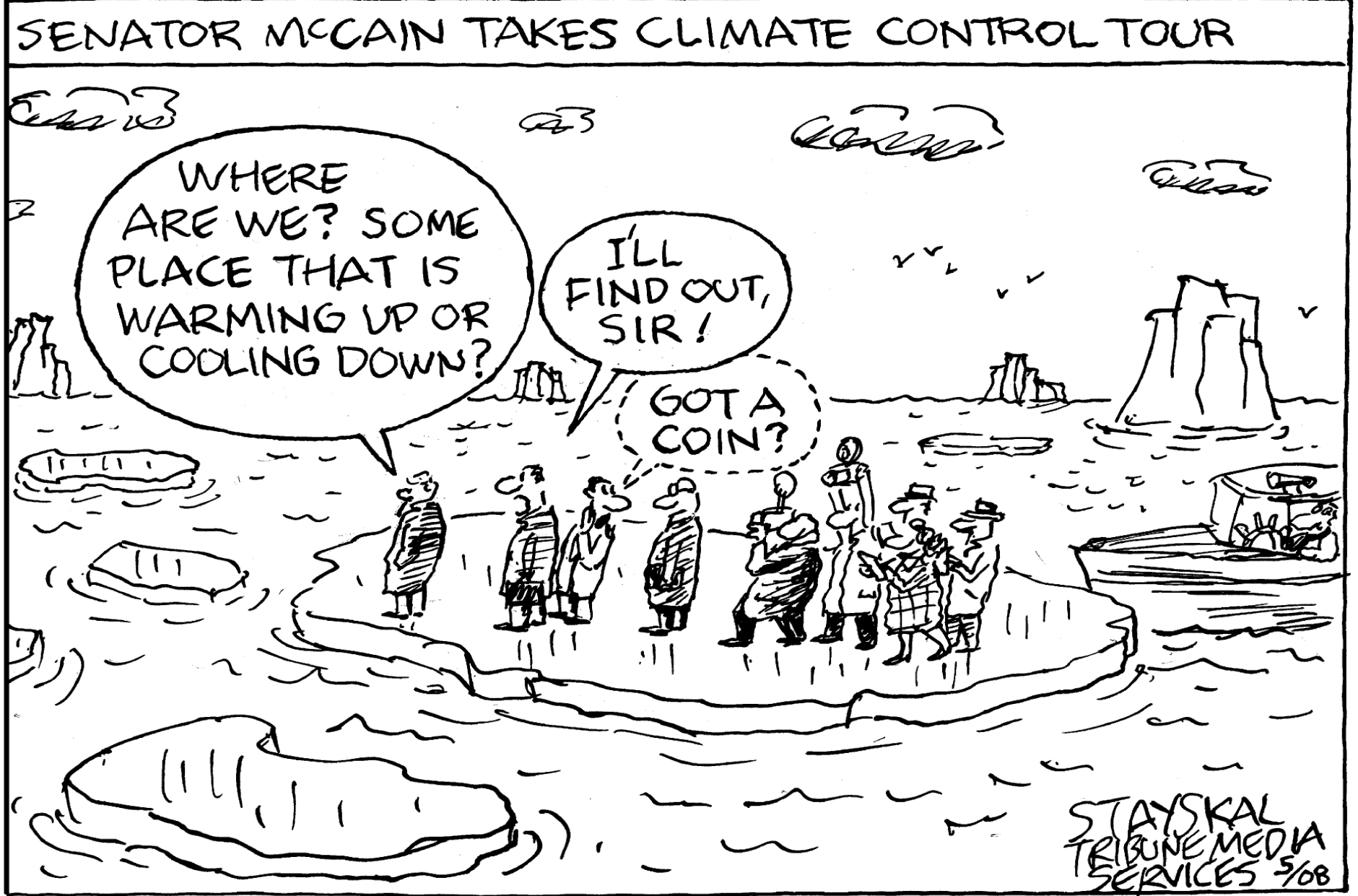
The views and opinions expressed in published letters do not necessarily reflect those of the staff of The Jambar or the faculty, staff or administration of Youngstown State University.

ABOUT THE JAMBAR

Since being founded by Burke Lyden in 1931, The Jambar has won nine Associated Collegiate Press Honors.

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COMMENTARY

AmeriCorps the beautiful

Megha Satyanarayana

McClatchy Newspapers

Ten years ago, when I was in college, the United States had a glorious economy, gas was pretty cheap, and because the American dollar stomped the Canadian dollar, we'd go shopping north of the border.

I ran with civic-minded kids, both conservative and liberal, with plans to solve poverty, homelessness, sexism, racism, and every other -ism. America was in great shape, we thought, so we dreamt of jobs in the Peace Corps, or at some big, bad non-profit. We ran on the endless fuel of youth, hope, and the can-do attitude that suffused everything in the mid-to-late 1990s.

I wish I was 18 again. For the last two days, I've been with volunteers at the Biloxi Habitat for Humanity Jimmy and Rosalynn Carter Work Project site. On my work site are a half-dozen kids from AmeriCorps, whose accolades from the other volunteers include,

"they never complain about anything," "they are the hardest working volunteers," and my favorite, "they're young, they have good knees."

When I was in college, AmeriCorps was a fledgling program, the five-year-old domestic answer to the Peace Corps. Now, through a partnership with Habitat, every swing of their hammers solves the global issues of poverty and homelessness for a family, giving them the stronghold to fight their own battles against the -isms.

AmeriCorps, they tell me, is a way to solve our domestic problems. Why leave? We have so many. These are MTV-generation kids, who'd rather the producers of the Amazing Race cover their reality than Tila Tequila.

That argument is really convincing, especially when I look around me. We have so many young people here who could fill so many gaps in rebuilding this community, even if they are exhausted from rebuilding their own lives. I see them everywhere. At the mall. At

the movies. At the skate park.

Maybe they aren't ready for college. Maybe they will never be. Maybe they are, but want a different experience before they go. Maybe they are done, and don't know what to do next.

This is where groups like AmeriCorps could burst through the pack. This is where our local kids could have the kind of life experiences they might bring back to the Coast in their "adult" lives. This is a small way that the Coast could build capacity, a way for the area to grow and heal. It's a way to build communities, one house at a time, one day at a time, one life at a time. Go to the mall, the movies and the skate park. But spend your days being part of the solution.

In Israel, most kids are required to serve in the military after high school. Can you imagine a country where kids who don't do military service have to do civic service? I get giddy at all the problems we could solve. I turn 18 again.

COMMENTARY

The next vice president

McClatchy-Tribune News Service

On the morning of Sept. 11, 2001, after planes had crashed into the World Trade Center and the Pentagon, Vice President Dick Cheney was in the White House bunker and had to make a momentous recommendation to President Bush, who was in flight aboard Air Force One: that Bush authorize the military to shoot down any civilian airliners that might be hijacked and headed for other targets.

Bush concurred — and soon after, the moment of truth arrived. A military aide approached Cheney: "There is a plane 80 miles out," he said. "There is a fighter in the area. Should we engage?" Cheney had thought through the complex implications of that question, had discussed it with his boss, and didn't hesitate to answer: "Yes." That plane was United Flight 93, which crashed in Pennsylvania before fighter jets could reach it.

On most days, the job of the vice president of the United States is not, on its face, critically important. Aside from breaking tie votes in the Senate, a rare occurrence, the job is often one of sitting in meetings, cutting ribbons and attending funerals.

But history can put sudden heavy responsibility on the occupant of the office. The vice president may be called on to make critical, urgent decisions when the president is unable to. Not to mention that he or she becomes president if the president dies in office. So the choice of a running mate is one that should not be made without a sober appreciation of its importance.

Often, lesser considerations have taken precedence. Richard Nixon picked Gov. Spiro Agnew of Maryland because he was from a border state and had talked tough about law and order. George McGovern settled on Sen. Thomas Eagleton of Missouri in desperation, after several other people had turned him down. George H.W. Bush chose Sen. Dan Quayle of Indiana to make the ticket younger and more conservative. None of those choices worked out well.

Other presidents, however, have looked more to substance and seasoning. Jimmy Carter chose Walter Mondale, Ronald Reagan went with Bush, Bill Clinton opted for Al Gore and George W. Bush selected Cheney. Each had his critics, but they had in common the most important attribute: being plausible presidents. When the prospective Democratic and Republican nominees of 2008 weigh their decisions, that quality should be first among

all. The decision is particularly important for the 71-year-old John McCain, because he would be the oldest person ever to enter the presidency. Given his age and medical history, his vice president would have a higher-than-average statistical likelihood of ascending. But even the youthful Barack Obama should keep in mind that life offers no guarantees of longevity: Eight presidents have failed to live out their terms.

Familiarity with national security matters is important — now more than ever — and executive experience counts for something too. Fortunately, there are more candidates than we can list who would be reasonably prepared to take over if necessary. On the Republican side, some of the stronger ones include Secretary of State Condoleezza Rice and former homeland security secretary Tom Ridge. Among the GOP senators warranting serious consideration are former education secretary Lamar Alexander of Tennessee and Lindsey Graham of South Carolina — not to mention Joe Lieberman of Connecticut, a Democrat who often breaks with his party on issues such as Iraq.

Obama or Clinton should consider each other as a potential veep candidate. The list of logical Democrats includes Gov. Bill Richardson of New Mexico, who was ambassador to the United Nations and energy secretary, as well as Senate Foreign Relations Committee Chairman Joe Biden of Delaware. Other highly qualified prospects: California's Sen. Dianne Feinstein, the No. 2 Democrat on the Intelligence Committee; former governor and senator Bob Kerrey of Nebraska, a member of the 9/11 commission; and former Sen. Max Cleland of Georgia, who headed the Veterans Administration under President Carter.

Pay less attention to these individuals and their ideologies than to their attributes: Every name here exemplifies the qualities of experience, substance and seriousness that are indispensable in a vice president.

When this year's nominees make their choices, matters like political appeal and personal chemistry are bound to enter into their thinking. But they should start the winnowing process with the most important question: Would you trust this person with life-and-death decisions in a moment of crisis? Because at some point the next president — and the rest of us — may have to.

COMMENTARY

Childhood today: No work, all play

Karen Heller

The Philadelphia Inquirer

Childhood is an elastic concept, fashioned by parents, fostered by societies, mined by the marketplace, and protected by governments. Well, occasionally and then only by some.

For centuries, childhood barely existed. If a child could walk, he could work. A daughter was to be bartered. Today, this remains true in many of the world's poorest countries and Schleicher County, Texas.

Historically, wealth — for the few who possessed it — translated into spending as little time with their progeny as possible. This guaranteed that their lives would be emotionally miserable despite being swaddled in comfort, giving rise to boarding schools, psychotherapy, divorce lawyers and cosmetic surgeons.

Today, American children are a mixed breed. They're culturally sophisticated — if by culture, you mean "Grand Theft Auto IV" and "Gossip Girl" — and transportationally challenged. They text at the speed of sound, spout fluent IMese, yet can't follow a transit schedule.

They're brilliant and stupid.

Just like their parents, who subsidize the Rotsam and, as designated Sherpas, drive them everywhere.

For nine months every year, children study hard, some very hard so they can apply to the same 27 colleges and have their young souls crushed like beetles for no apparent reason other than unrealistic expectations and pack mentality.

Then, for three endless months of summer, adhering to an antiquated agrarian schedule dating back to Little House on the Prairie, they're released into the wider world, where they're equipped to do absolutely nothing other than master "Grand Theft Auto IV" or deconstruct "Gossip Girl" because — let's face it — their greatest skill is hanging while spending other people's money.

Which is brilliant for them, perhaps they can grow up to be lobbyists or state senators, and stupid for the rest of us.

Parents expect the same mopets who can't be bothered to fluff and fold to get into Yale. Our children want to save the Earth, castigating the very same parents who Sherpa them everywhere for not being ecosmart, yet won't weed.

They're growing up too fast and, then again, too slow.

A few weeks ago, for a few hours, the citizenry was troubled by "backless" photos of Miley Cyrus — Shirley Temple wore less — a manufactured crisis where Disney and Conde Nast profited, when the

truly troubling images were of the Fundamentalist Latter Day Saints' underage brides.

Our concern shouldn't be confined to them, but for pregnant teenagers anywhere, cast away by society, girls confusing motherhood for maturity and some semblance of affection instead of a one-way ticket to poverty and dependence.

Our children are more sophisticated, certainly about consumption, yet profoundly naive about responsibility.

Libraries are published on parenting, but less on the children. Apparently, parenting is now a career.

There are books on how to be a cool mother or a hot mother, which seems like a lot of work while upping the ick factor for the kids. I saw one book about "slacker moms," an oxymoron if I've ever heard one.

In the end, the advice remains the same. Spend more time with the children. Listen more. Be patient. Hold your breath and try to get through adolescence.

You can worry. And then you can worry more. It won't work as well as spending time with them and listening.

It might help if we all drove less, either separately or together. And guided them to be as responsible as they are culturally sophisticated. Weeding would be a good start.



HEALTH

RUNNING RAGGED

Rec Center works to prevent exercise bulimia

Sarah Sole

Editor in Chief

Exercise is healthy, unless your body starts to eat itself. That's what could happen when working out becomes an addictive habit.

The Andrews Wellness and

Recreation Center hopes to prevent addiction through clinics, workshops and posted information, said Brandy Fagnano, fitness and wellness coordinator and personal trainer. If necessary, she would try to establish a relationship with someone who exhibits warning signs to try to curb unhealthy behavior.

Exercise Bulimia, the unhealthy addiction to exercise, is characterized by training excessively and not allowing enough rest between workouts, said Fagnano.

While common literature claims exercise bulimia is found more in females, research-based literature says the disorder is found equally in both genders, said Jennifer Pintar, associate professor of human performance and exercise science.

Pintar said the disease only occurs in about four percent of Americans.

"We're not talking huge numbers here," she said.

Therapy is necessary to help individuals overcome the disorder, which is similar to other eating disorders, Pintar said.

"Self image is the cornerstone of the problem," she said. The more a person compulsively exercises, the more they increase risk for heart problems and osteoporosis.

While the disorder is a "touchy subject," Fagnano said she can identify individuals that exhibit

signs of addiction.

"You can kind of guess," she said.

Warning signs include rapid weight loss and excessive workouts of two to three hours of cardiovascular activity and weights, Fagnano said. A more social person can become isolated during workouts, or come to the gym with a brace, a sign of chronic injury. Pale skin and dark circles under a person's eyes are also signs.

Those suffering from exercise bulimia lose muscle mass, since they don't leave themselves enough time to recover or enough nutrients, she said. Extreme cases involve significant muscle and hair loss.

"Your body actually starts to eat itself as a fuel," Fagnano said.

Fagnano said food and exercise are two factors one can control.

"I think a lot of times they go hand in hand," Fagnano said.

Additionally, since exercise is supposed to be good for the body, individuals can see it as a benefit to their health, which can lead them to work out too much, Fagnano said.

To make working out part of a healthy routine, building in days of rest is important, Fagnano said. An overworked nervous system can contribute to sprains, fractures, shin splints, carpal tunnel and other injuries.

While Fagnano said healthy workout routines depend on the individual, she said her own routine involves training for five to six days a week while allowing one to two days



How to exercise in a healthy way

Healthy adults under 65 should work out for 30 minutes a day five days a week doing moderately intense cardio or work out for 20 minutes a day, three days a week doing vigorously intense cardio. Individuals should also do eight to 10 strength-training exercises, doing eight to 12 repetitions of each exercise twice.

Source: American College of Sports Medicine Web site, <http://www.acsm.org>



PHOTOS BY SARAH SOLE/THE JAMBAR

ABOVE: Erich Diedrich, recent graduate, runs on the treadmill. Diedrich said he works out three to four times a week.

LEFT: Senior Julie Cancelliere works out on the elliptical. Cancelliere says though she works out once a week during school, she works out more frequently during the summer.

a week for rest. Days off can still involve low to moderate activity levels.

Sophomore Laina Zach said she works out five days a week for 45 minutes per day. While she incorporates pilates, the elliptical and stair climbing into her routine, Zach said she tries to keep her exercise time under an hour.

"It really depends on my mood," she said.

Additionally, Zach said she exercises enough to maintain weight but not lose it.

Senior Jessica Evich works out for the same days and time that

Zach does, but she is under medical supervision to lose weight while exercising.

"I have to push myself because I don't want to do it all the time," Evich said of exercising.

While a challenging workout can be rewarding, junior Sean Simon knows that this should be done in moderation.

The more people exercise, the more they get to know their limits, Simon said.

Though it is good to push past this limit sometimes, if people go too far, they will end up hurting themselves, he said.

Summer travel destinations

Plan your summer in the Valley

Natalie Scala

Reporter

The Jambar has found five places to spend a few hours of summer leisure time without breaking the bank or leaving the Mahoning Valley. With Ohio gas prices jumping 40 cents in May, you might need it.



Pro wrestlers and Pavlik bobbleheads — oh, and baseball

Eastwood Field

12.1 miles or about 23 minutes

Eastwood Field in Niles is home to the Mahoning Valley Scrappers, the Class A affiliate of the Cleveland Indians. Two people can attend a game for under \$20, and the cost of refreshments is fair. Cafaro Field provides many promotions this summer as the field celebrates its 10th anniversary, such as post-game fireworks, Kelly Pavlik bobblehead giveaway night and a salute to wrestling featuring an appearance by professional wrestler Jerry "The King" Lawler. "There's a lot of entertainment going on," says Jordan Taylor, assistant general manager. "It's very affordable."



The Yo's backyard

Mill Creek Park

2 miles or about 5 minutes

Mill Creek Park encompasses about 2,600 acres of foot trails, gardens, streams, lakes, woodlands and meadows. Visitors can rent kayaks, pedal boats and row boats. Almost daily there are special events that occur throughout the park at free or affordable prices such as golf seminars, group hikes and yoga classes.



At open air market, the sky's the limit

Rogers Community Auction

26 miles or about 43 minutes

From vegetables to flea market finds, this open air market is open every Friday throughout the year. Parking and admission is free. Vendors offer items like homemade Amish cookies, used books for summer reading pleasures and rare housewares. Also, visitors can stock up on fresh produce such as cucumbers, peppers and watermelon.

Students scour Web for summer vacation discounts

Ashley Commings

Reporter

In planning summer vacations, the Web has become a popular travel agent.

Fifty-three percent of vacationers younger than 35 used the Internet in 2004, up from 27 percent in 2000, according to a survey predicting travel trends conducted by TNS Global, a market research firm. The survey also looked at travelers older than 55 and found Internet booking increased to 33 percent, up from 14 percent in 2000.

Tracy Innocent is a travel agent with Pan Atlas Travel Service located in Kilcawley Center.

She recommends that students "book in advance as early as possible because it will be cheaper." The charge for booking an airline ticket at Pan Atlas is \$19.50.

Students who are planning to travel abroad can also purchase a \$22 International Student Travel Confederation card. These cards offer discounts on airfare, accommodation, sight-seeing and food.

Junior Randi Rotz said that she has never received a discount on vacations — she looks for "deals, not discounts." The business major added that she shopped

exclusively online for her summer vacation.

"If there is a really good discount on a vacation then there is usually fine print and it's not really a discount. You always have to be aware of a scam," Rotz said.

Senior Christine Powell said she used a combination of the Internet and a travel agency when booking her ticket.

"There was no discount paid for our \$700 all inclusive vacation package to the Oasis Resort in Cancun," Powell said.

Powell's boyfriend found the resort's official Web site and then booked with a travel agent.

Youngmoney.com offers money-saving tips for students and a breakdown of what each of the travel agencies offer the students, as well as a sample comparison of prices.

Money-saving tips for students:

- Consider flying into a nearby city and arranging ground transportation
- Check for flights that leave a day earlier or come back a day later
- Book trips with a Saturday overnight stay since they will often be the least expensive
- Connect through another city — layovers mean two cities to see instead of one

Happy trails to do

Western Reserve Greenway

19.9 miles or about 30 minutes

The Western Reserve Greenway is over 14-miles of trail that starts in Champion and part of over 40-miles of trail that extends to Ashtabula. The scenic path is blacktopped and is ideal for bicycling, in-line skating, walking or jogging. The only cost is the gas it takes to get to the Educational Highway in Champion, which is where you park to reach the trail.

Safari not so far

Wagon Trails Animal Park

8.5 miles or about 17 minute

"Young or old, people love animals," says Diane Fleminuteg of Wagon Trails Animal Park in Vienna. The family-operated business allows patrons to ride through the park "safari style," and feeding the animals is encouraged since a feed bag is included with the admission.

Zebras, camels, wildebeest and a plethora of over 300 other animals are on the 60-acre park.

Fleminuteg notes, "We get a lot of college age kids; they have a ball."

A printable coupon is available at <http://www.wagontrails.com> and with that, two adults can purchase admission and buy extra animal feed for under \$30.